

jäätjäätniesaiä

Balance of Payments Statistics Bulletin

್ರಿಕ್ಷಣಾಚಿತ್ರದ ಪುದ್ಧರ್ಥಿಗಳು ಚಿತ್ರಗಳು

Second Quarter 2023, Series No. 80

Message from the Governor

National Bank of Cambodia (NBC) is pleased to introduce the 80th edition, the Second Quarter of 2023 of Cambodia's Balance of Payments Statistics (CBOPS) Bulletin, which is compiled quarterly in billions of Khmer Riel and published by the NBC in Khmer and English. The quarterly CBOPS bulletin consists of a time series statistics on balance of payments, international investment position and external debt statistics including a brief description on the current context of the external sector of Cambodia. The online copy of the bulletin and other detailed statistical tables are available on the NBC's website.

The NBC would like to inform that Cambodia's Balance of Payments Statistics is compiled based on the *Sixth Edition of the Balance of Payments and International Investment Position Manual (BPM6), published in 2009,* of the International Monetary Fund (IMF). The NBC will continuously improve and enhance the new compilation methodology – BPM6 – in order to produce BOP data output in consistent with a standardized BOP presentation, contributing to an efficient analysis by the data users.

In the "Technical Notes", at the end of this bulletin, there is a summary for the readers, data users and publics to get a basic understanding on the new BPM6 compilation manual including the concepts and definition, data sources, compilation methodology, and a summary of the changes between BPM5 and BPM6.

The NBC would like to thank the relevant governmental organizations and data providers for their invaluable cooperation and contributions toward the sustainability of BOP compilation as well as the Cambodia's BOP Quarterly Bulletin publication to date.

Thank you very much for your interest in CBOPS Quarterly Bulletin.

Governor

Chea Serey

September 22, 2023 Phnom Penh

CONTENTS ചെയ്യുൽൽ

	Page
NOTES	3
HIGHLIGHTS	4
KEY AGGREGATES	4
KEY POINTS	4
Figure 1: Current and Capital Accounts Aggregates	4
ANALYSIS OF ESTIMATES	5
CURRENT AND CAPITAL ACCOUNTS	5
CURRENT ACCOUNT	5
Figure 2: Exports and Imports	5
Figure 3: Services (Credits and Debits)	6
Figure 4: Primary Income (Credits and Debits)	7
Figure 5: Secondary Income (Credits and Debits)	8
CAPITAL ACCOUNT	8
Figure 6: Capital Account	8
FINANCIAL ACCOUNT	9
Figure 7: Financial Account Aggregates	9
INTERNATIONAL INVESTMENT POSITION	10
Figure 8: International Investment Position Aggregates	10
TABLES OF BALANCE OF PAYMENTS	11
Table 1: Cambodia's Balance of Payments	11
Table 2: Goods Account	12
Table 3: Services Account	13
Table 4: Primary Income Account	14
Table 5: Secondary Income Account	
Table 6: Capital Account	16
Table 7: Financial Account	17
Table 8: International Investment Position	18
Table 9: Gross External Debt Position by Sector	19
Table 10: Balance of Payments Ratios	20
TECHNICAL NOTES	21

Notes

Inquiries For further information about this BOP and related statistics,

please contact to Statistics Department, Central Banking Directorate, National Bank of Cambodia on (855) 23 722 563-

1118 or by email at: statistics@nbc.gov.kh.

Forthcoming issues Issue Expected

Third Quarter 2023 29 December 2023

Changes in this issue This release included revisions in Current Account and

Financial Account.

The revision on Current Account – 1/- Goods account-Exports (credit) in the second quarter of 2022 2/- Services account-Travel (debit) in the first quarter of 2023 3/- Primary income account-Investment income (debit) in the first quarter of 2023.

The revision on Financial Account – Reserve Assets and Other Investment included net foreign liabilities in the first quarter of 2023.

These revisions have been made mainly due to the changes in data sources and compilation methodologies.

Changes in next issue Changes will also be made to some other BOP components

following the revised estimates by data sources.

Abbreviations BOP Balance of Payments

BPM6 Balance of Payments and International Investment

Position Manual, 6th edition

NBC National Bank of Cambodia n.i.e. Not Included Elsewhere

Rounding Any discrepancies between totals and the sum of the

component aggregates in this publication are due to

rounding.

Unit of Currency KHR 1 billion = KHR 1,000,000,000

HIGHLIGHTS

KEY AGGREGATES

KHR Billion	21Q2	21Q3	21Q4	22Q1	22Q2	22Q3	22Q4	23Q1	23Q2	% Change 23Q2/23Q1	% Change 23Q2/22Q2
CURRENT AND CAPITAL ACCOUNTS											
Balance on Goods	-11,506	-5,743	-15,056	-8,465	-11,514	-9,662	-6,539	-4,031	-2,059	-48.9	-82.1
Services, net	-1,426	-1,229	-1,686	-1,118	-1,003	-268	614	1,579	1,502	-4.9	
Primary inocme, net	-1,411	-1,745	-1,505	-1,717	-1,652	-1,622	-1,368	-1,518	-958	-36.9	-42.0
Secondary income, net	3,199	3,323	3,579	3,501	3,177	3,175	3,401	3,366	3,238	-3.8	1.9
Capital account	209	210	210	214	214	215	216	142	143	0.5	-33.0
Current and Capital accounts balance	-10,936	-5,185	-14,458	-7,586	-10,779	-8,162	-3,676	-461	1,865		
FINANCIAL ACCOUNTS											
Direct investment, net	-3,346	-3,994	-3,386	-3,165	-3,274	-3,984	-3,643	-4,803	-4,399	-8.4	34.4
Portfolio investment, net	83	81	-18	62	386	35	32	115	1,055		
Financial derivatives, net	n.a										
Other investment, net	-8,548	-4,671	-12,275	-7,854	-6,153	209	-527	2,748	-34	-101.2	
Reserve assets	304	-231	43	1,645	1,622	-211	-1,661	-322	1,366		-15.8
Financial Account balance	-11,507	-8,815	-15,637	-9,311	-7,419	-3,952	-5,799	-2,263	-2,012	-11.1	-72.9
INTERNATIONAL INVESTMENT POSITION											
Net International Investment Position	-111,427	-122,510	-131,451	-136,896	-145,948	-154,116	-161,842	-156,870	-162,416	3.5	11.3

KEY POINTS

In the second quarter of 2023, Cambodia's Balance of Payments switched to a surplus of KHR 1,366 billion from a deficit of KHR 322 billion in the previous quarter due to the change from deficit to surplus on current and capital accounts when the inflow of net incurrence of liabilities decreased. Current and capital accounts recorded surplus of KHR 1,865 billion from deficit of KHR 461 billion in the previous quarter because of the decline in goods and services accounts and primary income account deficit while the surplus on secondary income account decreased.

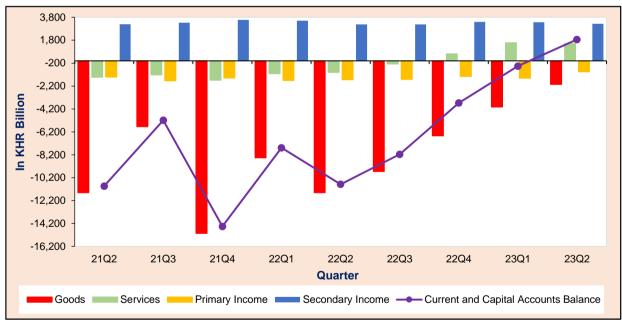


Figure 1: Current and Capital Accounts Aggregates

Financial account recorded a net incurrence of liabilities KHR 2,012 billion, decreased by KHR 251 billion (11.1%) compared to the previous quarter, primarily resulted from the decrease in net incurrence of liabilities in direct investment while net acquisition of financial assets in portfolio investment increased and the net acquisition of financial assets in other investment switched to net incurrence of liabilities.

As of the end of the second quarter of 2023, Cambodia's international investment position posted net external liabilities of KHR 162,416 billion, increased by KHR 5,546 billion (3.5%) from KHR 156,870 billion at the end of the first quarter of 2023, and increased by KHR 16,468 billion (11.3%) from KHR 145,948 billion at the end of the second quarter of 2022.

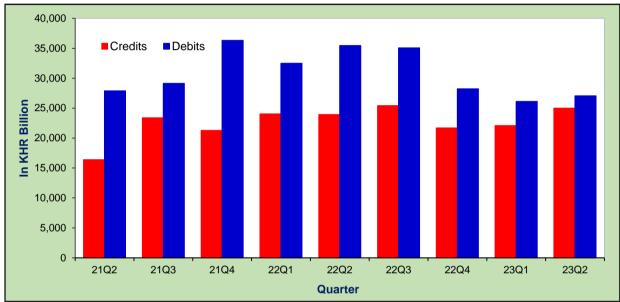
ANALYSIS OF ESTIMATES CURRENT AND CAPITAL ACCOUNTS CURRENT ACCOUNT

The current account recorded a surplus of KHR 1,721 billion, shifting from a deficit of KHR 604 billion in the previous quarter and KHR 10,993 billion in the same period last year. The change from deficit to surplus on current account is mainly due to the decrease in deficit of balance on goods and primary income coupled with the decrease in the surplus of services and secondary income accounts.

GOODS

The balance on goods was a deficit of KHR 2,059 billion, decreased by KHR 1,971 billion (48.9%) from a deficit of KHR 4,031 billion in the previous quarter. This account decreased by KHR 9,455 billion (82.1%) from a deficit of KHR 11,514 billion in the same period last year.

Figure 2: Exports and Imports



Exports of goods were KHR 24,983 billion, an increase of KHR 2,910 billion (13.2%) from KHR 22,074 billion in the previous quarter. The increase in exports of goods was significantly driven by the increases in the exports of garment KHR 1,452 billion (21.5%), electrical part KHR 536 billion (22%), other textiles KHR 268 billion (14%), and footwear KHR 225 billion (17%) while exports of agricultural products decreased by KHR 119 billion (7.6%) and bicycle declined by KHR 29 billion (4.2%). Compared to the same period last year, exports of goods increased by KHR 1,055 billion (4.4%) from KHR 23,929 billion.

Imports of goods were KHR 27,043 billion, an increase of KHR 938 billion (3.6%) from KHR 26,104 billion in the previous quarter. The increase in imports of goods was primarily driven by the increases in the imports of garment materials KHR 535 billion (12.9%) while imports of construction materials and equipment declined by KHR 399 billion (19.3%), petroleum KHR 366 billion (7.3%), vehicles KHR 162 billion (10.4%), and food and beverage KHR 56 billion (4.3%). Compared to the same period last year, imports of goods decreased by KHR 8,401 billion (23.7%) from KHR 35,443 billion.

SERVICES

Services account registered a surplus of KHR 1,502 billion, decreased by KHR 78 billion (4.9%) from KHR 1,579 billion in the previous quarter mainly due to the faster growth in import of service than export of service. In the same period last year, services account switched from a deficit of KHR 1,003 billion.

Exports of services was KHR 4,461 billion, increased by KHR 137 billion (3.2%) from KHR 4,324 billion in the previous quarter, mainly due to the increases in exports of telecommunication, computer, and information services KHR 91 billion (43%), government goods and services n.i.e. KHR 65 billion (1,9 times), transport services KHR 18 billion (3.9%), construction services KHR 7 billion (5.9%), financial services KHR 3 billion (15.9%), and personal, cultural and recreational services KHR 2 billion (17.2%) while exports of other

business services decreased by KHR 22 billion (13.5%), charges for the use of intellectual property n.i.e. KHR 16 billion (52.4%), travel services KHR 10 billion (0.3%), and insurance and pension services by KHR 0,4 billion (2.8%). Over the same quarter last year, exports of services increased by KHR 2,691 billion (1,5 times) from KHR 1,770 billion.

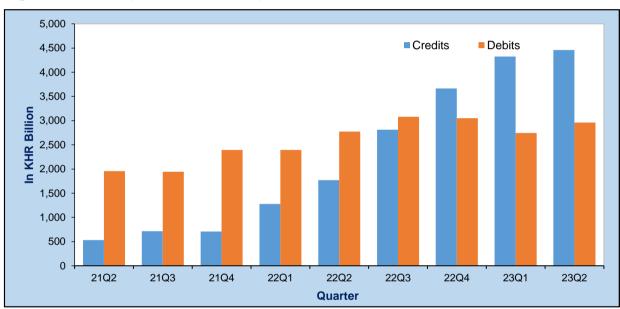


Figure 3: Services (Credits and Debits)

Imports of services was KHR 2,959 billion, increased by KHR 215 billion (7.8%) from KHR 2,744 billion in the previous quarter, mainly due to the increases in imports of transport services KHR 82 billion (6%), travel services KHR 70 billion (9.7%), other business services KHR 55 billion (55.6%), charges for the use of intellectual property n.i.e. KHR 27 billion (51.4%), government goods and services n.i.e. KHR 20 billion (98%), and insurance and pension services by KHR 19 billion (10.1%) while imports of construction services decreased by KHR 25 billion (28.4%), telecommunication, computer, and information services KHR 15 billion (8.2%), financial services KHR 12 billion (44.3%), and personal cultural and recreational services KHR 6 billion (70.7%). Over the same quarter last year, imports of services increased by KHR 187 billion (6.7%) from KHR 2,773 billion.

PRIMARY INCOME

Primary income recorded a deficit of KHR 958 billion, declined by KHR 560 billion (36.9%) from a deficit of KHR 1,518 billion in the last quarter, mainly due to the decrease in primary income debits and increase in primary income credits. Primary income deficit decreased by KHR 694 billion (42%) from a deficit of KHR 1,652 billion in the same quarter last year.

Primary income credits was KHR 532 billion, increased by KHR 15 billion (2.9%) from KHR 517 billion in the last quarter, predominantly contributed by the increases of KHR 8 billion (2%) in investment income and KHR 7 billion (6.3%) in compensation of employees. Year-on-year changes, primary income credits increased by KHR 250 billion (88.6%) from KHR 282 billion.

Primary income debits was KHR 1,491 billion, decreased by KHR 545 billion (26.8%) from KHR 2,036 billion in the last quarter, mainly caused by the decrease in investment income KHR 546 billion (30.2%) while compensation of employees increased by KHR 1 billion (0.6%). Year-on-year changes, primary income debits decreased by KHR 444 billion (22.9%) from KHR 1,934 billion.

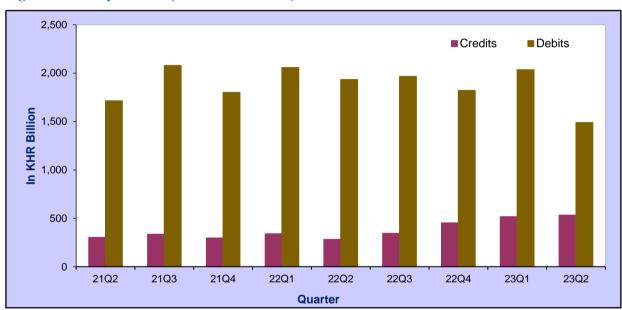


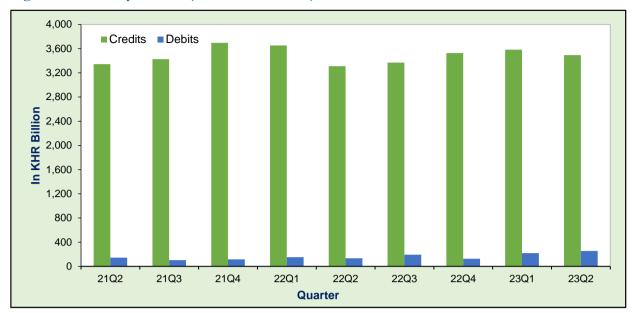
Figure 4: Primary Income (Credits and Debits)

SECONDARY INCOME

Secondary income posted a surplus of KHR 3,238 billion, decreased by KHR 128 billion (3.8%) from a surplus of KHR 3,366 billion in the last quarter because of the decrease in secondary income credits and the increase in secondary income debits. Secondary income surplus increased by KHR 61 billion (1.9%) from a surplus of KHR 3,177 billion in the same quarter last year.

Secondary income credits was KHR 3,493 billion, decreased by KHR 92 billion (2.6%) from KHR 3,585 billion in the last quarter, mainly resulted from the decline of KHR 55 billion (1.8%) in other sectors and KHR 37 billion (6.5%) in general government. Secondary income credits increased by KHR 182 billion (5.5%) from KHR 3,311 billion in the second quarter of 2022.

Figure 5: Secondary Income (Credits and Debits)

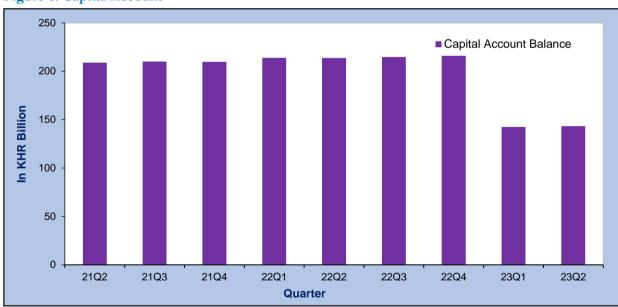


Secondary income debits was KHR 255 billion, increased by KHR 36 billion (16.6%) from KHR 219 billion in the last quarter, resulted primarily from the increase of KHR 29 billion (8.5 times) in general government and KHR 8 billion (3.6%) in other sectors. Secondary income debits increased by KHR 121 billion (90.4%) from KHR 134 billion in the second quarter of 2022.

CAPITAL ACCOUNT

Capital account surplus was KHR 143 billion, increased by KHR 1 billion (0.5%) compared to the previous quarter. Meanwhile, this surplus in capital accounts decreased by KHR 70 billion (33%) compared to KHR 214 billion in the second quarter of 2022.

Figure 6: Capital Account



FINANCIAL ACCOUNT

Balance on financial account posted net incurrence of liabilities KHR 2,012 billion in the second quarter of 2023, increased by KHR 251 billion (11.1%) from KHR 2,263 billion in the previous quarter. Year-on-year changes, this account declined by KHR 5,408 billion (72.9%) from KHR 7,419 billion.

Net direct investment recorded net incurrence of liabilities of KHR 4,399 billion, decreased by KHR 404 billion (8.4%) compared to KHR 4,803 billion in the previous quarter, resulted mainly from a decline in foreign direct investment in Cambodia. Year-on-year changes, net direct investment increased by KHR 1,125 billion (34.4%) compared to KHR 3,274 billion.

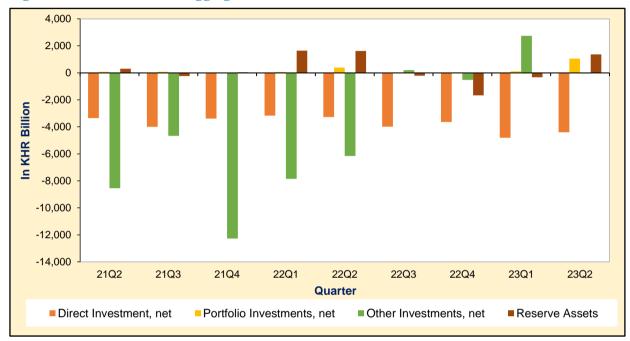


Figure 7: Financial Account Aggregates

Foreign direct investment in Cambodia was KHR 4,501 billion, decreased by KHR 503 billion (10%) compared to KHR 5,004 billion in the previous quarter. Year-on-year changes, foreign direct investment in Cambodia recorded an increase of KHR 1,076 billion (31.4%) from KHR 3,425 billion in the second quarter of 2022.

Portfolio investment recorded a net acquisition of financial assets of KHR 1,055 billion, increased by KHR 940 billion (8.2 times) from a net acquisition of financial assets of KHR 115 billion. In the same period last year, this account increased by KHR 669 billion (1.7 times) from KHR 386 billion.

Other investments posted a net incurrence of liabilities of KHR 34 billion, switching from a net acquisition of financial assets of KHR 2,748 in the previous quarter. Over the same period last year, this account decreased by KHR 6,120 billion (99.5%) from KHR 6,153 billion.

In the second quarter of 2023, reserve assets recorded an increase of KHR 1,366 billion compared to a decrease of KHR 322 billion in the previous quarter and an increase of KHR 1,622 billion in the second quarter of 2022.

INTERNATIONAL INVESTMENT POSITIONS

At the end of the second quarter of 2023, Cambodia's international investment position posted a net external liability of KHR 162,416 billion, increased by KHR 5,546 billion (3.5%) from KHR 156,870 billion at the end of the first quarter of 2023. Year-on-year changes, this position increased by KHR 16,468 billion (11.3%) from a net external liability of KHR 145,948 billion.

Cambodia's external assets was KHR 126,053 billion, increased by KHR 4,284 billion (3.5%) compared to KHR 121,768 billion at the end of the previous quarter. Compared to the same quarter of 2022, the external assets increased by KHR 8,534 billion (7.3%) from KHR 117,518 billion.

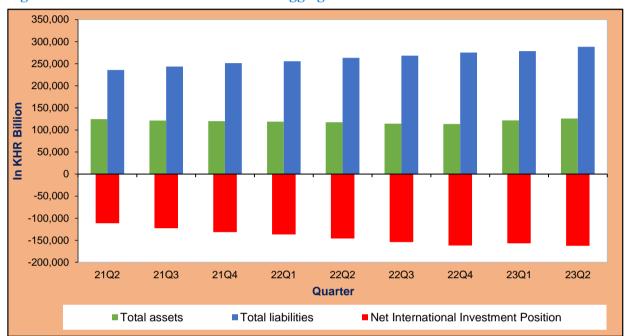


Figure 8: International Investment Position Aggregates

Cambodia's external liabilities was KHR 288,469 billion, increased by KHR 9,831 billion (3.5%) compared to KHR 278,638 billion at the end of the previous quarter, resulted mainly from an increase in direct investment of KHR 7,882 billion (4.2%) and other investment KHR 1,949 billion (2.1%). Cambodia's external liabilities increased by KHR 25,003 billion (9.5%) from KHR 263,466 billion compared to the same period last year.

Table 1: CAMBODIA'S BALANCE OF PAYMENTS

											In KH	R Billion
Main Components	21Q1	21Q2	21Q3	21Q4	2021	22Q1	22Q2	22Q3	22Q4	2022	23Q1	23Q2
Current Account Balance	-13,410	-11,145	-5,395	-14,668	-44,618	-7,800	-10,993	-8,377	-3,892	-31,062	-604	1,721
Credits	23,436	20,565	27,861	25,969	97,831	29,303	29,292	31,940	29,331	119,866	30,499	33,469
Debits	36,847	31,710	33,256	40,637	142,449	37,102	40,285	40,317	33,223	150,927	31,103	31,748
Goods and Services, net	-15,122	-12,933	-6,972	-16,743	-51,770	-9,583	-12,517	-9,930	-5,925	-37,955	-2,451	-558
Credits	19,737	16,918	24,101	21,976	82,732	25,310	25,699	28,227	25,352	104,588	26,397	29,444
Debits	34,858	29,851	31,073	38,718	134,502	34,893	38,216	38,157	31,277	142,543	28,849	30,002
Goods, net	-13,593	-11,506	-5,743	-15,056	-45,900	-8,465	-11,514	-9,662	-6,539	-36,180	-4,031	-2,059
Credits	18,995	16,388	23,387	21,268	80,038	24,032	23,929	25,416	21,688	95,064	22,074	24,983
Debits	32,588	27,895	29,131	36,324	125,937	32,497	35,443	35,077	28,226	131,244	26,104	27,043
Services, net	-1,528	-1,426	-1,229	-1,686	-5,870	-1,118	-1,003	-268	614	-1,775	1,579	1,502
Credits	742	530	714	708	2,694	1,278	1,770	2,811	3,664	9,523	4,324	4,461
Debits	2,270	1,957	1,943	2,394	8,564	2,396	2,773	3,080	3,050	11,299	2,744	2,959
Primary Income, net	-1,445	-1,411	-1,745	-1,505	-6,107	-1,717	-1,652	-1,622	-1,368	-6,360	-1,518	-958
Credits	423	302	334	297	1,356	340	282	344	452	1,419	517	532
Debits	1,868	1,713	2,080	1,801	7,462	2,058	1,934	1,966	1,821	7,779	2,036	1,491
Secondary Income, net	3,157	3,199	3,323	3,579	13,258	3,501	3,177	3,175	3,401	13,253	3,366	3,238
Credits	3,277	3,345	3,426	3,696	13,743	3,653	3,311	3,369	3,527	13,859	3,585	3,493
Debits	120	146	103	117	485	152	134	194	125	605	219	255
Capital Account Balance	208	209	210	210	837	214	214	215	216	858	142	143
Credits	208	209	210	210	837	214	214	215	216	858	142	143
Debits	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Current and Capital Accounts Balance	-13,202	-10,936	-5,185	-14,458	-43,782	-7,586	-10,779	-8,162	-3,676	-30,203	-461	1,865
Financial Account Balance	-13,107	-11,507	-8,815	-15,637	-49,066	-9,311	-7,419	-3,952	-5,799	-26,481	-2,263	-2,012
Direct Investment, net	-3,176	-3,346	-3,994	-3,386	-13,902	-3,165	-3,274	-3,984	-3,643	-14,066	-4,803	-4,399
Net financial assets	87	64	107	121	379	110	152	152	204	618	201	103
Net liabilities	3,263	3,409	4,102	3,508	14,281	3,275	3,425	4,137	3,847	14,684	5,004	4,501
Portfolio Investments, Net	64	83	81	-18	210	62	386	35	32	516	115	1,055
Net financial assets	64	83	81	-18	210	62	386	35	32	516	115	1,055
Net liabilities	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Financial derivatives, net	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Net financial assets	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Net liabilities	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Other Investments, net	-10,216	-8,548	-4,671	-12,275	-35,710	-7,854	-6,153	209	-527	-14,325	2,748	-34
Net financial assets	-7,709	-6,054	-1,958	-4,730	-20,450	-3,173	-748	2,286	-965	-2,600	4,642	-64
Net liabilities	2,508	2,494	2,712	7,545	15,259	4,680	5,405	2,077	-438	11,725	1,895	-30
Reserve Assets	221	304	-231	43	336	1,645	1,622	-211	-1,661	1,394	-322	1,366
Net Errors and Omissions	95	-571	-3,631	-1,178	-5,284	-1,726	3,360	4,210	-2,123	3,722	-1,801	-3,876
Exchange Rate (KHR/USD)	4,078	4,093	4,116	4,108	4,099	4,088	4,085	4,106	4,130	4,102	4,084	

Table 2: Balance of Payments – Goods Account

											In F	KHR Billion
Goods Account	21Q1	21Q2	21Q3	21Q4	2021	22Q1	22Q2	22Q3	22Q4	2022	23Q1	23Q2
Credits (Exports)												
General merchandise on a BOP basis	18,995	16,388	23,387	21,268	80,038	24,032	23,929	25,416	21,688	95,064	22,074	24,983
Net exports of goods under merchanting	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Nonmonetary gold	1	275	93	177	546	347	203	193	210	954	346	347
Total credits (f.o.b)*	18,995	16,388	23,387	21,268	80,038	24,032	23,929	25,416	21,688	95,064	22,074	24,983
Of which:												
Garment	7,240	5,982	10,669	8,992	32,883	8,736	9,693	10,941	7,683	37,053	6,758	8,210
Footwear	1,291	1,316	1,483	1,618	5,708	1,723	1,737	1,962	1,704	7,126	1,322	1,547
Other textile	1,776	1,681	2,340	2,320	8,117	2,442	2,481	2,260	1,908	9,092	1,912	2,180
Electrical part	799	1,097	2,080	1,067	5,043	985	1,160	1,696	2,541	6,382	2,437	2,973
Bicycle	629	571	735	654	2,589	979	977	1,088	927	3,971	695	666
Agricultural products	1,644	1,477	1,641	2,093	6,854	1,869	1,499	1,257	1,571	6,196	1,574	1,455
Debits (Imports)												
General merchandise on a BOP basis	22,642	23,755	26,567	28,667	101,631	27,255	29,035	28,741	27,895	112,926	26,104	27,043
Nonmonetary gold	9,946	4,139	2,563	7,657	24,307	5,242	6,408	6,336	332	18,318	0	0
Total debits (f.o.b)*	32,588	27,895	29,131	36,324	125,937	32,497	35,443	35,077	28,226	131,244	26,104	27,043
Of which:												
Garment materials	4,217	4,919	5,349	6,208	20,693	5,219	5,522	5,174	4,834	20,749	4,152	4,688
Construction materials and equipment	2,727	1,963	2,759	3,077	10,526	2,004	1,703	1,964	2,166	7,838	2,064	1,665
Vehicles	1,709	1,669	1,645	1,531	6,553	1,752	2,041	2,519	1,675	7,987	1,560	1,398
Petroleum	2,988	3,213	2,882	2,925	12,008	4,598	5,265	5,118	3,466	18,447	5,041	4,675
Food and beverage	1,192	956	1,242	1,268	4,658	1,306	1,208	1,408	1,498	5,419	1,317	1,261
Balance on trade in goods *Include coverage adjustment	-13,593	-11,506	-5,743	-15,056	-45,900	-8,465	-11,514	-9,662	-6,539	-36,180	-4,031	-2,059
Exchange Rate (KHR/USD)	4,078	4,093	4,116	4,108	4,099	4,088	4,085	4,106	4,130	4,102	4,084	4,105

Table 3: Balance of Payments – Services Account

											In KH	R Billion
Services Account	21Q1	21Q2	21Q3	21Q4	2021	22Q1	22Q2	22Q3	22Q4	2022	23Q1	23Q2
Credits												
Manufacturing services on physical inputs owned by others	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a							
Maintenance and repair services n.i.e.	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a							
Transport	179	149	241	203	772	350	332	375	405	1,462	458	476
Travel	239	106	155	255	754	529	969	1,900	2,419	5,816	3,267	3,257
Construction	45	19	14	14	92	17	81	128	231	457	115	122
Insurance and pension services	6	6	6	3	21	22	5	12	8	48	15	14
Financial Services	49	44	32	25	150	38	50	31	43	162	18	21
Charges for the use of intellectual property n.i.e.	2	1	0	0	4	1	3	2	68	73	31	15
Telecommunications, computer and information services	83	87	104	76	350	83	92	122	194	491	212	303
Other business services	119	102	148	117	485	176	161	149	185	671	161	139
Personal, cultural and recreational services	7	9	7	6	30	11	9	17	12	49	11	13
Government goods and services n.i.e.	13	7	7	9	36	52	68	75	100	294	35	100
Total credit	742	530	714	708	2,694	1,278	1,770	2,811	3,664	9,523	4,324	4,461
Debits												
Manufacturing services on physical inputs owned by others	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a							
Maintenance and repair services n.i.e.	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a							
Transport	1,535	1,340	1,320	1,705	5,900	1,551	1,785	1,746	1,216	6,297	1,355	1,436
Travel	48	36	54	64	201	91	289	634	968	1,983	720	790
Construction	83	88	99	116	386	104	97	143	164	508	86	62
Insurance and pension services	225	218	197	239	879	235	230	243	255	963	190	209
Financial	18	8	6	6	38	20	19	15	26	80	27	15
Charges for the use of intellectual property n.i.e.	29	17	18	13	76	58	18	20	58	154	52	79
Telecommunication, computer and information services	222	167	151	181	721	217	199	162	223	802	187	171
Other business	61	62	72	46	242	85	91	81	109	364	99	153
Personal, cultural and recreational services	33	4	11	7	55	19	19	11	2	51	8	2
Government goods and services n.i.e.	17	18	14	17	66	17	25	24	29	96	21	41
Total debit	2,270	1,957	1,943	2,394	8,564	2,396	2,773	3,080	3,050	11,299	2,744	2,959
Balances												
Manufacturing services on physical inputs owned by others	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a							
Maintenance and repair services n.i.e.	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a							
Transport	-1,356	-1,191	-1,079	-1,502	-5,129	-1,201	-1,453	-1,371	-810	-4,835	-897	-960
Travel	191	70	101	191	553	438	679	1,266	1,450	3,834	2,547	2,467
Construction	-38	-70	-85	-102	-294	-88	-16	-15	68	-51	29	60
Insurance and pension services	-219	-211	-192	-236	-859	-213	-225	-231	-247	-915	-175	-19
Financial Services	31	37	26	19	113	18	31	16	17	81	-8	6
Charges for the use of intellectual property n.i.e.	-26	-16	-18	-13	-72	-58	-16	-18	10	-81	-21	-64
Telecommunications, computer and information services	-138	-80	-47	-105	-371	-134	-108	-40	-29	-311	26	132
Other business services	58	40	76	70	244	91	71	68	76	307	63	-14
Personal, cultural and recreational services	-26	5	-4	-1	-26	-8	-10	6	9	-3	3	10
Government goods and services n.i.e.	-4	-11	-7	-7	-30	35	43	51	70	199	14	58
Balance on trade in services	-1,528	-1,426	-1,229	-1,686	-5,870	-1,118	-1,003	-268	614	-1,775	1,579	1,502
Exchange Rate (KHR/USD)	4,078	4,093	4,116	4,108	4,099	4,088	4,085	4,106	4,130	4,102	4,084	4,105

Table 4: Balance of Payments - Primary income

											In KHI	R Billion
Primary income	21Q1	21Q2	21Q3	21Q4	2021	22Q1	22Q2	22Q3	22Q4	2022	23Q1	23Q
Credits												
Compensation of employees	46	8	10	9	74	26	20	34	70	150	107	113
Investment income	377	294	324	287	1,282	314	262	311	382	1,269	411	419
Direct investment Income on equity and investment fund shares	16 16	10 10	22 22	3	51 51	16 16	17 17	40 40	122 122	195 195	39 39	51 51
Interest	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Portfolio investment	0	4	0	7	12	1	3	11	9	24	42	5
Other investment	11	2	8	14	35	27	14	14	11	66	12	1
Reserve assets	349	278	293	263	1,184	271	227	246	240	984	317	362
Other primary income	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Total primary income credits	423	302	334	297	1,356	340	282	344	452	1,419	517	532
Debits												
Compensation of employees	173	174	176	172	695	186	190	189	190	756	229	230
Investment income	1,695	1,540	1,903	1,629	6,767	1,872	1,744	1,777	1,630	7,023	1,807	1,261
Direct investment Income on equity and	1,529	1,487	1,745	1,579	6,341	1,683	1,708	1,588	1,564	6,543	1,626	1,179
investment fund shares	1,515	1,473	1,727	1,565	6,281	1,683	1,708	1,588	1,564	6,543	1,626	1,179
Interest	14	14	18	14	60	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Portfolio investment	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Other investment	166	52	158	50	426	188	36	189	67	480	181	81
Reserve assets	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Other primary income	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Total primary income debits	1,868	1,713	2,080	1,801	7,462	2,058	1,934	1,966	1,821	7,779	2,036	1,491
Balances												
Compensation of employees	-127	-165	-166	-163	-621	-160	-170	-155	-120	-605	-122	-117
Investment income	-1,319	-1,246	-1,579	-1,341	-5,485	-1,557	-1,482	-1,467	-1,248	-5,754	-1,396	-842
Direct investment	-1,513	-1,477	-1,723	-1,576	-6,290	-1,668	-1,691	-1,548	-1,441	-6,348	-1,587	-1,129
Income on equity and investment fund shares	-1,500	-1,463	-1,705	-1,562	-6,230	-1,668	-1,691	-1,548	-1,441	-6,348	-1,587	-1,129
Interest	-14	-14	-18	-14	-60	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Portfolio investment	0	4	0	7	12	1	3	11	9	24	42	5
Other investment	-155	-50	-150	-36	-391	-161	-22	-175	-56	-414	-169	-80
Reserve assets	349	278	293	263	1,184	271	227	246	240	984	317	362
Other primary income	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Balance on primary income	-1,445	-1,411	-1,745	-1,505	-6,107	-1,717	-1,652	-1,622	-1,368	-6,360	-1,518	-958
Exchange Rate (KHR/USD)	4,078	4,093	4,116	4,108	4,099	4,088	4,085	4,106	4,130	4,102	4,084	4,105

Table 5: Balance of Payments - Secondary income

											In KH	In KHR Billion
Secondary income	21Q1	2102	2103	21Q4	2021	22Q1	22Q2	22Q3	22Q4	2022	23Q1	23Q2
Credits												
General government	525	471	466	708	2,170	615	486	470	473	2,044	564	527
Others Of which:	2,752	2,873	2,960	2,988	11,574	3,038	2,825	2,899	3,054	11,815	3,021	2,966
Worker's remittances	2,389	2,511	2,575	2,602	10,076	2,657	2,474	2,478	2,648	10,256	2,624	2,574
Total secondary income credits	3,277	3,345	3,426	3,696	13,743	3,653	3,311	3,369	3,527	13,859	3,585	3,493
Debits												
General government	~	33	33	12	80	7	21	21	29	78	က	32
Others Of which:	119	112	02	105	406	44	113	173	26	527	216	223
Worker's remittances	112	63	92	26	367	136	105	148	92	484	211	220
Total secondary income debits	120	146	103	117	485	152	134	194	125	909	219	255
Balances												
General government	523	438	433	969	2,090	809	465	449	444	1,966	260	495
Others Of which:	2,634	2,761	2,890	2,884	11,168	2,893	2,712	2,726	2,957	11,288	2,805	2,742
Worker's remittances	2,277	2,418	2,510	2,504	602'6	2,521	2,369	2,329	2,552	9,772	2,413	2,354
Balance on secondary income	3,157	3,199	3,323	3,579	13,258	3,501	3,177	3,175	3,401	13,253	3,366	3,238
Exchange Rate (KHR/USD)	4,078	4,093	4,116	4,108	4,099	4,088	4,085	4,106	4,130	4,102	4,084	4,105

Table 6: Balance of Payments – Capital account

Tuble of Buildines of			Oup	itui u							In KHI	R Billior
Capital account	21Q1	21Q2	21Q3	21Q4	2021	22Q1	22Q2	22Q3	22Q4	2022	23Q1	23Q2
Credits												
Gross acquisitions (DR.)/disposals (CR.) of nonproduced nonfinancial assets	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Capital transfers	208	209	210	210	837	214	214	215	216	858	142	14:
General Government	208	209	210	210	837	214	214	215	216	858	142	143
Financial and nonfinancial corporations*	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Total credits	208	209	210	210	837	214	214	215	216	858	142	143
Debits												
Gross acquisitions (DR.)/disposals (CR.) of nonproduced nonfinancial assets	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Capital transfers	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
General Government	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Financial and nonfinancial corporations*	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Total debits	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Balances												
Gross acquisitions (DR.)/disposals (CR.) of nonproduced nonfinancial assets	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Capital transfers	208	209	210	210	837	214	214	215	216	858	142	143
General Government	208	209	210	210	837	214	214	215	216	858	142	143
Financial and nonfinancial corporations*	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Balance on capital account	208	209	210	210	837	214	214	215	216	858	142	143
*Financial and nonfinancial corporations, household and Nonprofit in Exchange Rate (KHR/USD)	4,078	g households (N 4,093	4,116	4,108	4,099	4,088	4,085	4,106	4,130	4,102	4,084	4,105

Table 7: Balance of Payments – Financial account

											In KI	IR Billion
Financial account	21Q1	21Q2	21Q3	21Q4	2021	22Q1	22Q2	22Q3	22Q4	2022	23Q1	23Q2
Cambodia investment abroad (Net acquisition of financial assets)												
Direct investment abroad	87	64	107	121	379	110	152	152	204	618	201	103
Portfolio investment abroad	64	83	81	-18	210	62	386	35	32	516	115	1,055
Other investment abroad	-7,709	-6,054	-1,958	-4,730	-20,450	-3,173	-748	2,286	-965	-2,600	4,642	-64
Reserve assets*	221	304	-231	43	336	1,645	1,622	-211	-1,661	1,394	-322	1,366
Total	-7,337	-5,604	-2,001	-4,584	-19,525	-1,356	1,411	2,262	-2,390	-72	4,636	2,460
nvestment in Cambodia (Net incurrence of liabilities)												
Direct investment in Cambodia	3,263	3,409	4,102	3,508	14,281	3,275	3,425	4,137	3,847	14,684	5,004	4,50
Portfolio investment in Cambodia	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Other investment in Cambodia	2,508	2,494	2,712	7,545	15,259	4,680	5,405	2,077	-438	11,725	1,895	-30
Total	5,770	5,904	6,814	11,053	29,541	7,956	8,831	6,214	3,408	26,409	6,899	4,47
Net transactions (Net asset less net liabilities)												
Direct investment	-3,176	-3,346	-3,994	-3,386	-13,902	-3,165	-3,274	-3,984	-3,643	-14,066	-4,803	-4,39
Portfolio investment	64	83	81	-18	210	62	386	35	32	516	115	1,05
Other investment	-10,216	-8,548	-4,671	-12,275	-35,710	-7,854	-6,153	209	-527	-14,325	2,748	-34
Reserve assets*	221	304	-231	43	336	1,645	1,622	-211	-1,661	1,394	-322	1,366
Balance on financial account	-13,107	-11,507	-8,815	-15,637	-49,066	-9,311	-7,419	-3,952	-5,799	-26,481	-2,263	-2,012
* Includes Monetary Gold and Spacial Drawing F Exchange Rate (KHR/USD)	Rights 4,078	4,093	4,116	4,108	4,099	4,088	4,085	4,106	4,130	4,102	4,084	4,105

Table 8: International Investment Position

											In	KHR Billion
International Investment Position	21Q1	21Q2	21Q3	21Q4	2021	22Q1	22Q2	22Q3	22Q4	2022	23Q1	23Q2
Total Assets	129,038	124,533	121,238	119,877	119,877	118,871	117,518	114,272	113,722	113,722	121,768	126,053
Direct Investment	4,470	4,580	4,707	4,816	4,816	4,878	5,057	5,242	5,440	5,440	5,560	5,765
Equity and investment fund shares	4,470	4,580	4,707	4,816	4,816	4,878	5,057	5,242	5,440	5,440	5,560	5,765
Debt Instrument	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Portfolio investment	3,007	3,137	3,247	3,372	3,372	3,721	4,204	4,276	4,312	4,312	4,372	5,519
Equity and investment fund shares	2,419	2,525	2,616	2,720	2,720	3,060	3,445	3,515	3,546	3,546	3,526	3,606
Debt securities	588	612	631	652	652	661	759	761	766	766	846	1,913
Financial derivatives	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Other investment	39,197	33,716	32,057	28,328	28,328	27,391	28,292	31,954	30,647	30,647	38,204	38,859
Other equity	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Currency and deposits	34,972	30,335	29,216	25,471	25,471	24,055	24,887	28,900	27,823	27,823	32,630	33,442
Loan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Trade credit and advances	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Other accounts receivable	4,225	3,380	2,841	2,857	2,857	3,336	3,405	3,053	2,824	2,824	5,574	5,416
Reserves assets	82,365	83,100	81,227	83,361	83,361	82,881	79,965	72,800	73,322	73,322	73,632	75,910
Total Liabilities	227,852	235,959	243,748	251,328	251,328	255,767	263,466	268,388	275,564	275,564	278,638	288,469
Direct Investment	155,430	160,383	165,399	168,757	168,757	170,306	174,515	179,727	183,404	183,404	185,716	193,598
Equity and investment fund shares	153,698	158,633	163,641	167,004	167,004	168,570	172,769	177,970	181,649	181,649	183,987	191,838
Debt Instrument	1,733	1,751	1,758	1,753	1,753	1,736	1,746	1,757	1,755	1,755	1,729	1,761
Portfolio investment	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
	n.a		n.a	n.a	n.a							
Equity and investment fund shares Debt securities	n.a	n.a n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a							
Financial derivatives												
Other investment	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a 92,160	n.a 92,922	n.a
Other investment Other equity	72,421	75,576	78,350	82,571	82,571	85,460	88,951	88,662	92,160			94,871
. ,	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Currency and deposits	15,335	16,493	17,121	18,253	18,253	18,748	18,962	18,960	18,983	18,983	18,460	18,463
Loan	56,601	58,589	59,754	62,862	62,862	65,288	68,608	68,370	71,787	71,787	73,075	75,005
Trade credit and advances	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Other accounts payable	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Special drawing rights	485	494	1,475	1,456	1,456	1,425	1,381	1,332	1,390	1,390	1,387	1,403
International Investment Position, net	-98,813	-111,427	-122,510	-131,451	-131,451	-136,896	-145,948	-154,116	-161,842	-161,842	-156,870	-162,416
Direct Investment	-150,960	-155,804	-160,692	-163,942	-163,942	-165,428	-169,458	-174,485	-177,963	-177,963	-180,156	-187,834
Equity and investment fund shares	-149,228	-154,053	-158,934	-162,188	-162,188	-163,692	-167,713	-172,728	-176,208	-176,208	-178,427	-186,073
Debt Instrument	-1,733	-1,751	-1,758	-1,753	-1,753	-1,736	-1,746	-1,757	-1,755	-1,755	-1,729	-1,761
Portfolio investment	3,007	3,137	3,247	3,372	3,372	3,721	4,204	4,276	4,312	4,312	4,372	5,519
Equity and investment fund shares	2,419	2,525	2,616	2,720	2,720	3,060	3,445	3,515	3,546	3,546	3,526	3,606
Debt securities	588	612	631	652	652	661	759	761	766	766	846	1,913
Financial derivatives	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Other investment	-33,224	-41,860	-46,292	-54,243	-54,243	-58,069	-60,659	-56,708	-61,513	-61,513	-54,717	-56,012
Other equity	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Currency and deposits	19,637	13,842	12,095	7,218	7,218	5,307	5,925	9,941	8,841	8,841	14,170	14,980
Loan	-56,601	-58,589	-59,754	-62,862	-62,862	-65,288	-68,608	-68,370	-71,787	-71,787	-73,075	-75,005
Trade credit and advances	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Othe account receivable/account payable	4,225	3,380	2,841	2,857	2,857	3,336	3,405	3,053	2,824	2,824	5,574	5,416
Special drawing rights	-485	-494	-1,475	-1,456	-1,456	-1,425	-1,381	-1,332	-1,390	-1,390	-1,387	-1,403
Reserves assets	82,365	83,100	81,227	83,361	83,361	82,881	79,965	72,800	73,322	73,322	73,632	75,910

Table 9: Gross External Debt Position by sector

											In Ki	IR Billion
Gross External Debt Position	21Q1	21Q2	21Q3	21Q4	2021	22Q1	22Q2	22Q3	22Q4	2022	23Q1	23Q2
General Government	36,649	37,602	38,137	39,089	39,089	40,009	39,906	39,369	41,059	41,059	41,624	44,085
Special drawing rights (allocations)	n.a											
Currency and deposits	n.a											
Debts securities	n.a											
Loans	36,649	37,602	38,137	39,089	39,089	40,009	39,906	39,369	41,059	41,059	41,624	44,085
Other debt liabilities	n.a											
Central Bank	485	494	1,475	1,456	1,456	2,037	3,637	3,773	1,390	1,390	1,387	1,403
Special drawing rights (allocations)	485	494	1,475	1,456	1,456	1,425	1,381	1,332	1,390	1,390	1,387	1,403
Currency and deposits	n.a											
Debts securities	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	611	2,256	2,441	0	0	0	0
Loans	n.a											
Other debt liabilities	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Deposit Taking Corporation*	35,289	37,482	38,744	42,026	42,026	44,029	46,283	47,963	49,713	49,713	49,912	49,385
Currency and deposits	15,335	16,493	17,121	18,253	18,253	18,748	18,962	18,960	18,983	18,983	18,460	18,463
Debts securities	2	3	5	0	0	3	4	2	2	2	2	1
Loans	19,952	20,986	21,617	23,772	23,772	25,279	27,317	29,001	30,729	30,729	31,450	30,921
Other debt liabilities	n.a											
Gross External Debt Position *Deposit-Taking Corporation, except the Central Bank	72,423	75,579	78,355	82,571	82,571	86,075	89,825	91,105	92,162	92,162	92,924	94,872
Exchange Rate (KHR/USD)	4,066	4,107	4,125	4,114	4,114	4,073	4,096	4,122	4,118	4,118	4,057	4,131

Table 10: Balance of Payments Ratios

Balance of Payments Ratios	21Q1	2102	2103	2104	2021	22Q1	2202	22Q3	2204	2022	23Q1	2302
Goods credits/current account	81.0%	79.7%	83.9%	81.9%	81.8%	82.0%	81.7%	79.6%	73.9%	79.3%	72.4%	74.6%
Goods debits/current account	88.4%	88.0%	%9'.28	89.4%	88.4%	%9'.28	%0.88	87.0%	85.0%	%0'.28	83.9%	85.2%
Goods and services credits/GDP	71.7%	61.3%	%8.9%	79.3%	74.8%	83.7%	85.0%	92.9%	83.0%	86.1%	80.1%	88.8%
Goods and services debits/GDP	126.7%	108.1%	111.9%	139.7%	121.6%	115.4%	126.4%	125.6%	102.4%	117.4%	87.5%	%5'06
Investment income credits/current account credits	1.6%	1.4%	1.2%	1.1%	1.3%	1.1%	%6:0	1.0%	1.3%	1.1%	1.3%	1.3%
Investment income debits/current account debits	4.6%	4.9%	5.7%	4.0%	4.8%	2.0%	4.3%	4.4%	4.9%	4.7%	5.8%	4.0%
Current account balance/GDP	-48.7%	-40.4%	-19.4%	-52.9%	-40.4%	-25.8%	-36.4%	-27.6%	-12.7%	-25.6%	-1.8%	5.2%
Official reserve in months of prospective imports	8.3	8.0	6.3	7.2	7.4	6.5	6.3	7.0	7.0	6.2	7.7	7.6

TECHNICAL NOTES

CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

The Balance of Payments (BOP) and International Investment Position (IIP) statistics are compiled by the Balance of Payments Statistics Division of the Statistics Department of the National Bank of Cambodia (NBC). BOP and IIP statistics are published on a quarterly basis in local currency (in KHM billion). From the second quarter of 2019 onwards, the NBC publishes the Balance of Payments (BOP) and International Investment Position (IIP) statistics, followed by the Balance of Payments and International Investment Position Manual, the Sixth Edition (BPM6) published in 2009 of the International Monetary Fund (IMF).

These statistics cover all economical transactions of economic institutional units such as general government, central bank, deposit taking institutions, other financial institutions, business enterprises, households, and non-profit institutions serving households as the residents of Cambodia with the nonresidents. All transactions are recorded at market prices, wherever possible, and based on an accrual basis. For the current practices, some data and classifications are estimated due to the insufficient data sources. Merchandise trade data is collected from the General Department of Customs and Excise of Cambodia of the Ministry of Economy and Finance (MEF). The exports of goods are recorded based on a free on board (F.O.B) basis while the imports of goods associated with a cost principle of insurance and freight (C.I.F) basis are to be adjusted to F.O.B value. Other administrative data, especially data for services, primary income, and secondary income, are recorded when economical transactions occur or on an accrual basis; while the other data, which are not accessible from the administrative sources, are taken from the International Transaction Reporting System (ITRS), recorded on a cash basis, and from an estimated data from surveys (if any). At the same time, financial transactions are recorded whenever economic transactions occur or on an accrual basis. The recordings of arrears are consistent with BPM6 standard.

Accordingly, the compilers of BOP and IIP data face many challenges. For instance, in the current account, the challenges are included 1/- the coverage of Goods that are not passed through the custom 2/- Some service items and primary income data from administrative sources are available only in semester or annual basis and some are from the occasional surveys 3/- the limitation of data sources on secondary income under the form of private transfer, government transfer and capital transfer. Likewise, the data received on IIP are still inadequate such as foreign direct investment and other investment by private sector as well as the Cambodians' investment abroad due to the constraints on data sources. Currently, Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) data relies heavily on administrative data; however, in standardized rule, the FDI data should be compiled based on a regular survey. Within the same context, the compilation of FDI statistics on the country of origin of foreign investors is not fully accessible. At the present time, in terms of foreign debt, the data is only available on the government side and banking sector; while the external debt of private sector, apart from banking sector, is not available yet and even if survey.

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS OF GOODS

The estimated methodology for General Merchandise Trade is made for exports and imports with tax or tax-free, including informal trade.

Export Goods is estimated by the main commodities such as garments (clothes, footwear, travelling goods and others garments), manufacturing products excluded garments (vehicle parts, electrical parts, bicycles and others manufacturing products), agricultural products (rubber, paddy rice and other agricultural products) and re-exports, which are based on the data from the General Department of Customs and Excise of Cambodia of the Ministry of

Economy and Finance (MEF), combined with an additional estimation of informal trades through the border trade observations, and an additional data from relevant ministries and business partner countries.

Import Goods is estimated by the main commodities such as raw material imports, garment materials, construction materials and equipment, vehicles, petroleum, food and beverage, non-monetary gold and other goods, based on the data from the General Department of Customs and Excise of Cambodia of the Ministry of Economy and Finance (MEF), from C.I.F basis to F.O.B. basis, combined with an additional estimation of informal trades through the border trade observations, and an additional data from relevant ministries as well as mirror data.

SERVICES ACCOUNT

Freight is estimated at 9 percent of C.I.F while insurance fee is at 1 percent of C.I.F. Freight for imports and exports are apportioned among air, sea, road, and other transport means. Freight on imports carried by nonresident airlines is estimated by applying an average freight rate per ton to the quantity of imports. Freight on exports carried by the resident airlines is estimated by using the same methodology.

For Air Transport: Passenger fares paid by residents to nonresident airlines are estimated based on information on the number of passengers combined with data collected by the State Secretariat of Civil Aviation and the General Department of Immigration of the Ministry of Interior (MOI) on the number of resident and nonresident arrivals and departures, and the number of passengers on each airline. The average fare of both resident and non-resident passengers, paid to both domestic and non-resident airlines, are estimated by using data from travel agencies and ticket prices on each airlines' website. Other air transportation services are estimated from an information provided by the resident airlines for expenditure in foreign airports and an information provided by the State Secretariat of Civil Aviation for expenditure in Cambodia by nonresident airlines.

For Sea Transport: Freight on imports carried by nonresident carriers is estimated by deducting freight on air imports from an estimation of freight on total imports and applying to the result of the share of nonresident shipping. Freight on exports carried by resident carriers is estimated by multiplying an average freight rate for exported goods with a proportion of the ton of exports estimated to be carried by residents. Other sea transportation services are estimated from information provided by resident shipping agents and port authorities.

For Travel (credit): Income from travel (credit) is estimated according to the type of travelers such as tourists, business travelers, diplomats, and gamblers. Information on the number of arrivals such as business travelers, diplomats, gamblers, length of stay and the average cost per traveler are collected from the Ministry of Tourism (MOT), Ministry of Interior (MOI), travel agencies and surveys.

For Travel (debit): Expenditure of travel (debit) is estimated based on the number of foreign travelers abroad, length of stay and the average cost of each type of travelers abroad. Estimated methods are made separately between personal and business traveler, but in the publication, these two data are not divided.

Other Services included construction services, insurance and pensions, financial services, charges for the use of intellectual property n.i.e, telecommunication, computer and information services, other business services, personal, cultural, and recreational services, and government goods services n.i.e are estimated based on the data from ITRS and other available sources. However, manufacturing services on physical inputs owned by others and maintenance and repair services n.i.e are not available yet and even if the survey.

PRIMARY INCOME ACCOUNT (CREDITS AND DEBITS)

Primary income accounts include compensation of employees, and investment income followed by financial instruments such as direct investment, portfolio investment, other investments, and reserve assets. Compensation of employees (credit) is estimated based on the data on the number of foreign workers from the Ministry of Labor and Vocational Training (MOL), the average income tracked by countries and skills, and compensation of employees working at foreign embassies; while compensation of employees (debit) is estimated based on the data obtained from ITRS. The Direct Investment Income (credit) is estimated based on ITRS. Meanwhile, Direct Investment Income (debit) is estimated from the direct investment income of non-residents in banking sector, the listed enterprises received a preferential system from the Council for Development of Cambodia (CDC) and casino sector, while the investment income from other investment companies is not available yet and even if survey. Further, Portfolio Investment Income is estimated based on the data obtained from ITRS; while the debit segment is not available yet due to the newly established securities market in Cambodia. Incomes from other investments (credit) are estimated based on the data obtained from ITRS; while the debit portion is estimated based on the external debt statistics from the Department of Debt Management of the General Department of International Cooperation and Debt Management of MEF, the interest paid to non-residents by banks, and the data obtained from ITRS; while interest expenses of private sector are not available yet and even if survey. Reserve Assets Investment Income is estimated through NBC data.

SECONDARY INCOME ACCOUNT (CREDITS AND DEBITS)

Secondary Income (credit) is estimated based on the data from CDC and government financial statistics (GFS). In addition, workers' remittances are estimated based on the number of foreign workers oversea from MOL, the average income estimated by countries and expertise combined with ITRS. Secondary Income (debit) is estimated based on the government financial statistics (GFS) for the government side and ITRS for other sectors.

CAPITAL ACCOUNT

The official debt forgiveness data is estimated based on the data collected from the Department of Debt Management of the General Department of International Cooperation and Debt Management of MEF. Private sector debt forgiveness data is not available yet. Other capital transfer data is estimated based on the data collected by CDC.

FINANCIAL ACCOUNTS

Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) is categorized into investment instruments such as direct investment, portfolio investment, financial derivative instruments, and other investment and reserve assets. FDI (asset) is estimated based on ITRS; while FDI (liability) is estimated from the non-resident direct investment data of banking sector, the listed investment enterprises received a preferential system from CDC. The investment of other investment enterprises is estimated based on ITRS due to unavailable data from the survey. Portfolio Investment (asset) is estimated based on the data from banks and ITRS, while the liability side is not available yet due to the newly established securities market in Cambodia. Additionally, Financial Derivative Investment is not available yet. Other Investment (asset) is estimated based on the data from banks, MEF and ITRS, while the liability portion is estimated based on the data from banks and ITRS. The reserve asset is estimated based on NBC data.

INTERNATIONAL INVESTMENT POSITIONS AND EXTERNAL DEBT

International Investment Positions (IIP) statistics are estimated by the same methodology in financial accounts, but are calculated as stock position, including exchange rate changes, price changes and other changes. Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) is categorized into investment

instruments such as direct investment, portfolio investment, financial derivative instruments, other investments, and reserve assets. FDI (asset) is estimated based on ITRS; while FDI (liability) is estimated based on the non-resident direct investment data of banking sector, the listed investment enterprises received a preferential system from CDC. The investment of other investment enterprises is estimated based on ITRS due to unavailable data from the survey. Portfolio Investment (asset) is estimated based on the data from banks and ITRS, while the liability side is not available yet due to the newly established securities market in Cambodia. In addition, Financial Derivative Investment is not available yet. Other Investment (asset) is estimated based on the data from banks, MEF and ITRS, while the liability portion is estimated based on the data from banks and ITRS. The reserve asset is estimated based on NBC data.

The external debt is estimated based on the data from MEF, NBC and banks. In addition, the external debt for the private sector is not available yet and even if the survey.

DISSEMINATION AND REVISION

Dissemination of Balance of Payments (BOP) and International Investment Position (IIP) statistics are published in the Cambodia Balance of Payments Statistics Bulletin in the form of hard copy and on NBC website in the form of soft copy, on a quarterly basis as well as in the semester and annual reports of NBC, Cambodia Enhancement General Data Dissemination System (e-GDDS) and Balance of Payments Statistics Yearbook of International Monetary Fund (IMF).

The BOP and IIP statistics are subjected to revise due to the revision of data and data sources, expansion of data coverage and revision of compilation methodologies. The adjustments are made with the aims of strengthening the quality of data and scope, and the consistency with other macroeconomic statistics such as National Account Statistics (NAS), Government Financial Statistics (GFS) and Monetary and Financial Statistics (MFS).

SUMMARY THE CHANGES FROM BPM5 TO BPM6

No.	Name	BPM6	BPM5
1	Current and Capital accounts transactions	Credit and Debit transactions are recorded with a plus (+) sign.	Credit transactions are recorded with a plus (+) sign, while Debit transactions are recorded with a minus (-) sign.
2	Financial account transactions	Financial flows are presented on a net basis for each instrument: <i>Net acquisition of financial assets</i> and <i>net incurrence of liabilities</i> .	Financial flows are presented in detail on credit and debit: <i>financial assets and financial liabilities</i> .
3	Financial account	Form of presentation: net acquisition of financial assets/net incurrence of liabilities/net	Form of presentation: credit/debit/net
		• net acquisition of financial assets - the increase in financial assets minus the reduction of financial assets.	
		• net incurrence of liabilities - increase in liabilities minus the reduction of financial liabilities.	
		• net - net acquisition of financial assets minus net incurrence of liabilities	
4	Financial account	The increase in both financial assets and financial liabilities is recorded with a plus sign (positive), while the reduction in financial assets and liabilities - with a minus sign (negative).	The increase in financial assets and reduction in financial liabilities is recorded with a minus sign (negative), while the reduction in financial assets and increase in financial liabilities - with a plus sign (positive).
5	Financial account	The Net in BPM6 will have the opposite sign to BPM5, but the same economic significance.	
6	Current and Capital account balance	Net lending (+) / Net borrowing (-) Current and Capital account balance	The current account balance is presented separately, and the capital and financial account balance is also presented separately.
7	Financial account balance	Net lending (+) / Net borrowing (-) Financial account balance	Financial account balance
8	Financial account balance	It is calculated as the difference between the changes in assets and changes in liabilities.	It is calculated as the sum of changes in assets and changes in liabilities.
9	Equality of balances concept	The current and capital account balance is conceptually equal to the financial account balance (the item "net errors and omissions" is introduced to reach equality).	The current account balance is conceptually equal to the capital and financial account balance with the sign reversed (the item "net errors and omissions" is introduced to reach the equality).
10	Net errors and omissions	It is calculated as the difference between the financial account balance and the current and capital account balance.	It is calculated as the difference between the current account balance and the capital and financial account balance.
11	Current account	Primary income	Income
12	Current account	Secondary income	Current transfers

នុសព័ធិនអ៊ី

INTERNET

www.nbc.gov.kh គឺជាគេហទំព័ររបស់ធនាគារជាតិនៃកម្ពុជា។ ទិន្នន័យថ្មី។
 ក្នុងគេហទំព័រ និងទិន្នន័យបន្តបន្ទាប់ទៀត ត្រូវបាននិងកំពុងដាក់បញ្ចូលទៅក្នុង
 ប្រព័ន្ធទិន្នន័យ តាមធនធានដែលមាន។ លើសពីនេះទៀត គេហទំព័រនេះ គឺជាទីតាំង
 ដ៏ល្អបំផុតដើម្បីទទួលបានទិន្នន័យសង្ខេបនៃការចេញផ្សាយចុងក្រោយបង្អស់។

www.nbc.gov.kh is the NBC website. The new data and metadata on website are progressively being added to the database, as resources permit. This website is the best place to start for the accessibility to summary data from the latest publications.

មណ្ណាល័យ Reference Library

៖ ឯកសារបោះពុម្ពផ្សាយរបស់ធនាគារជាតិនៃកម្ពុជាមួយចំនួនអាចរកបានសម្រាប់ ប្រើប្រាស់នៅមជ្ឈមណ្ឌលសេវាព័ត៌មានស្ដិតិនៃវិទ្យាស្ថានជាតិស្ដិតិ។

A range of NBC reference publications are available for use by data users at the NIS Data User's Service Center.

សេខាព័ឌ៌មាន INFORMATION SERVICE

បុគ្គលិករបស់នាយកដ្ឋានស្ថិតិ នៃធនាគារជាតិនៃកម្ពុជា អាចជួយចង្អុលបង្ហាញ ឬណែនាំ អ្នកប្រើប្រាស់ក្នុងការស្វែងរកទិន្នន័យតាមតម្រូវការ។ ការបោះពុម្ពផ្សាយ របស់ធនាគារជាតិនៃកម្ពុជា អាចរកជាវបាន ហើយសេវាលើការជាវជាប្រចាំក៏អាច រៀបចំបានដែរ។ ចំពោះសេវា លើទិន្នន័យពិសេសផ្សេងទៀតក៏អាចរកបានផងដែរ តាមរយៈការមកជាវព្រឹត្តិបត្រដោយផ្ទាល់។

The Statistics Department's staffs at NBC could assist users in addressing their data requirements. NBC publications are available for sale and subscription services could be arranged. Other special data services are also available, on a user pays basis.

សេសយដ្ឋាននំនាក់នំន១ ៖ ធនាគារខាត់នៃកម្ពុខា

CONTACT DETAILS

National Bank of Cambodia នាយកដ្ឋានស្តិតិ

Statistics Department

អគារលេខ ៦៩-៧០ មហាវិថីហាណ្វយ (លេខ១០១៩) ភូមិបាយ៉ាប សង្កាត់ ភ្នំពេញថ្មី ខណ្ឌសែនសុខ រាជធានីភ្នំពេញ

69-70, Hanoi Blvd. (1019), Phum Bayab, Sangkat Phnom Penh Thmei, Khan Sen Sok, Phnom Penh, Cambodia

អ៊ីម៉ែល **៖** statistics@nbc.gov.kh E-mail : statistics@nbc.gov.kh

ទូរស័ព្ធ ៖ (៨៥៥) ២៣ ៧២២ ៥៦<u>៣ – ១១១៨</u>

Telephone: (855) 23 722 563 – 1118 ទូរសារ ៖ (៨៥៥) ២៣ ៤២៦ ១១៧

Facsimile: (855) 23 426 117



ISSN 2074-5699

នលិតបោយ ធនាគារខាតនៃកម្ពុខា

Produced by the National Bank of Cambodia